America In A World At War

War On Two Fronts

- After Pearl Harbor, the Japanese attacked US bases in Manila
- Battle of Midway, US was victorious
- By mid-1943, US gained an edge in the Pacific theater
- Delays in a French invasion upset Stalin
 - The Soviets had the most casualties 20 million!
- Leaders of the Soviet Union felt the delay of an invasion was done so USSR could absorb the most casualties
- Holocaust:
 - 11 million deaths 6 million Jews
 - US had some knowledge early on in the war
 - St. Louis US turned away 1,000 escaped Jews, even though they had room under the quota system

The American People In Wartime

- The war ended the Great Depression
 - Federal spending increased drastically
 - Shortage of consumer goods = increased savings
- 15 million men and women were part of forces
 - Increased need for labor
- Major unions did not strike
 - Smith-Connally Act unions had to wait 30 before striking
- 2 ways the government paid for the war
 - Taxes
 - War bonds
- War Production Board:
 - Purpose was to have broad economic powers
 - In reality, did not have as much power

The American People In Wartime Cont.

- Technology in the war:
 - Car assembly lines turned into military assembly lines
 - Radar and sonar improved dramatically

Americans During The War

- African Americans:
 - Generally supported the war hoped for more rights
 - A. Philip Randolph proposed a demonstration in DC
 - Fair Employment Practice Commission: could investigate discrimination in war industries
 - Large migration of blacks from the South
- Native Americans:
 - "Code-talkers"
- Mexican Americans:
 - Bracero program: Mexican workers came to the US
 - Zoot Suit Riot: conflict between American sailors and young Mexicans in Los Angeles

The American People In Wartime Cont.

- Women and children in the war:
 - Women in the workforce increased by 60%
 - "Rosie the Riveter"
 - Many children became "latchkey kids"
 - 1/3 of teenagers were employed
- Japanese Americans:
 - Executive Order 9066 relocation of Japanese from the West Coast
 - Korematsu v. US upheld Internment Camps
- Check out my video in the description

The Defeat of the Axis

- D-Day:
 - June 6, 1944: Invasion at Normandy Dwight Eisenhower
- The Soviets pushed the Germans back, allowed them to occupy Eastern Germany
 - Play a key role after the war
- Manhattan Project:
 - Led by Robert Oppenheimer, the US developed nuclear weapons
 - Check out Rush's *The Manhattan Project*
- Hiroshima and Nagasaki:
 - US dropped two atomic bombs 100,000s of deaths
- Why did the US drop the bombs?
 - Many, but to save American lives